

The Times

LOS ANGELES

XIITH YEAR.

EIGHT PAGES.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 26, 1893.

4:25 O'CLOCK A.M.

PER WEEK, 20c; PER MONTH, 25c. FIVE CENTS

STANDARD PIANOS—
And Piano Dealers.
CON-CON-CORVERSE.

If you can conveniently come in
and converse with us about the cele-
brated

CONVERSE BANJO,

We are confident that we can con-
trive to prove that the Con-
verse Banjo is the most correct com-
bination of good things with which
musical connoisseurs are conversant
Contrary to the

CONVERSE BANJO

With any of its competitors and you
must confess that we are consistent
and conscientious in our conclusion
that the

CONVERSE BANJO

Is the most complete, comely, comfort-
able, commendable and comforting
companion in the hands of stringed
instruments. It is consistent and con-
ducive to success, and we con-
gratulate you upon this chance to compare
all others with the

CONVERSE BANJO,

Knowing you will be constrained to
confess its complete triumph. The

CONVERSE BANJO

For sale at
BARTLETT'S MUSIC HOUSE,
103 N. Spring.

AMUSEMENTS—
With Dates of Events.

ATHLETIC PARK, Seventh and Alameda.
TAKE ELECTRIC CARS.

CALIFORNIA LEAGUE—
(Under new management.)

LOS ANGELES VS. OAKLAND,
WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY,
SATURDAY AND SUNDAY,
July 26, 27, 28, 29 and 30.

Admission 50 cents. Ladies 25 cents. Sun-
days and holidays excepted. Friday Ladies'
Day. Game called Sundays at 2:30 p.m.,
other days 3 p.m.

HOTELS—
Reports and Cafes.

THE HOLLENBECK—
The Largest and Best Hotel in Los
Angeles.

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.

Liberal Management! Reasonable Rates!

**Headquarters for Tourists and Com-
mercial Men.**

A. C. BILICK & CO., Prop.

HOLLENBECK HOTEL CAFE—

The Finest Restaurant in Southern
California, Restaurant for Weddings
and Parties in or out of the city.

OYSTERS, 50¢ DOZEN.

J. E. AULL, Prop.

**WESTMINSTER
HOTEL,**
Has been opened on the
American Plan.
POTTER & JOHNSON,
Proprietors.

THE SAN MARCOS HOTEL—
SANTA BARBARA, CAL.

On the American and European plan.
The only first-class hotel open all the
year in Santa Barbara.

Large, stately brick building; large,
airy rooms; pleasant reading rooms and
parlors overlooking the mountains.

Santa Barbara has the finest

climate in earth, all the year.

E. P. DUNN, Prop.

GRAND VIEW HOTEL, CATALINA-
Geo. E. Weaver, Prop.

For comfort and pleasure the Grand
View is not surpassed on the Island;
100 feet plazza; every room an outside
room; music hall; bathrooms, free
guests; everything first-class; rates, \$3
a week and upward.

ARROWHEAD HOT SPRINGS, THE
famous mountain resort of Southern
California. Located in the San Geronimo
mountains, heated by hot water from
the springs; overlooks Riverside,
Redlands and San Bernardino. This
resort is the favorite summer station
leaving San Bernardino P.O. at 3:30
p.m. sharp. City office, Coulter's Dry
Goods Store.

THE MT. PLEASANT, FORMERLY
the Grand Hotel, First St., and
Pleasant St., Los Angeles; family hotel;
rates \$2 to \$25 daily; special rates
for week; the only summer resort
in Los Angeles; first-class; beautiful grounds. A. J. MASON, Prop.

IF YOU WANT TO ENJOY THE COOL,
balmy breezes of California, go to the
porches of the Bellevue, Temple Hotel
and the Royal Hotel, all first-class;
perfectly furnished rooms; fine grounds.

A. J. MASON, Prop.

THE LINCOLN— Cor. Second and Hill sts.

First-class hotel; appointments
perfect; central location; electric cars
pass to all points in city.

THOS. PASCOE, Prop.

THE ILLINOIS HOTEL, SEVENTH ST.,
near Broadway, 2 & 4 story buildings;
can have large, newly furnished alcove
room, with excellent board; very rea-
sonable rates.

THE "RICHFIELD," 142 S. GRAND
ave.; family hotel; elegantly furnished
rooms and first-class table; finest loca-
tion in the city. MRS. J. P. NELSON.

SANTA BARBARA — THE "PEARCE
HOUSE," 1218 Anacapa St. Nicely fur-
nished rooms with board; references
given and required.

THE ARGYLE— Cor. Second and Olive.

Furnished rooms.

PATENTS— And Patent Agents.

HAZARD & TOWNSEND PATENTS
on inventions secured in all countries;
copyrights, trademarks, etc. Office,
1218 Downey Block, Los Angeles, Cal. Tel. 347.

LONG BEACH CAL.

This Popular Little House Now Open to the Public. From May 1.

Please to Please the Epicurean.

By J. Martin

POINTS OF THE MORNING'S NEWS

—IN—

Times.

TODAY'S BULLETIN—JULY 26, 1893.

(BY TELEGRAPH) Ex-Secretary Foster

gives his views on financial legisla-
tion....Interesting items from the Chi-
cago exposition....The French preparing

to blockade the Starfish coast....News

from Hawaii—a battle with lepers....Fight between union and non-union

seamen at San Pedro....A World's Fair excursion train is

wrecked....The turners finish their

work at Milwaukee....The Erie Rail-
road in the hands of receivers....A dam-
aging cyclone in Minnesota....The

British ship Plimrose wins the ocean

race....A turbulent silver meeting in

New York....A terrible dynamite ex-
plosion in France....Deaths from chol-
era very numerous....Races and base-
ball.

NOTABLE LOCAL OCCURRENCES—

Silver meeting at the old court-
house—Speeches by Congressman Can-
non and Senator White....Another

postponement of the Hamilton divorce

suit....The Bosqui case partially heard

by the police commissioners—the ex-
officer's defense....Rumors that the

Southern Pacific is to begin economiz-
ing....Baseball to be resumed at Ath-
letic Park this afternoon....Hon. J. S.

Clarkson and party go around the Kite-
shaped track....Second day of the trial

of the Chinese murderer....The side-en-
trance question before the police com-
missioners.

GENERAL.

Sudden death of a Missouri man at

Redondo....Proceedings of the Chautau-
qua Assembly at Long Beach....War

declared on the "macs" at Santa

Monica....Another victory for the Bear

Valley Company....The Keeley cur-
tailed at the Soldiers' Home at

Santa Monica.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

For Southern California, stationary

temperature along the coast; warmer

in the interior; westerly winds.

SPECIAL NOTICES—

ATTENTION, FARMERS — TO RENT
or lease, about 800 acres of agricultural
land adjoining the town of Redondo

Beach; also 38 acres of the land and

water rights, situated 2 miles from Compton on line of South-
ern Pacific R.R.; pure river and creek

water; 1000 acres of land and creek

WANTED—

Help, Male.

PETTY HUMMEL CO.,
EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.151-152 W. First st., Tel. 52.
(Under Los Angeles National Bank.)

Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m.

Carriages, woodworker, \$2; general blacksmith, \$3; barrel; ranch hand, \$26 etc.; laundryman, \$55 month; man to sell tamales, 25 per cent.; plumber, \$150 month; painter, \$100 month; painter, \$150 month; wood per week; miller, \$30 etc.; 6 first-class white waiters for O.K. beach place, \$35 etc. month; good restaurant boy for beach, \$30 to \$35, board and room.

HOTEL DEPARTMENT—FEMALE.

Waitress, \$15; chambermaid, \$15; waitress, Molave, \$30 and fare; several waitresses, other country hotels, \$20; waitress, Pasadena, \$20; waitress, \$15; waitress, \$15.

N.B.—Wanted—2 laundresses, same railroad hotel, \$35 and fare; call early.

N.B.—Wanted—Waitress, beach hotel, \$5 per week.

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

Girl, Huemene, 4 family, \$25 and fare; girl, Huemene, 2 family, \$20; girl, Pasadena, 3 family, \$20; German girl, Pasadena, 3 family, \$20; girl, Riverside, \$20; girl, Catalina, \$20.

N.B.—Wanted—First-class family cook; several good places, city, \$35 and up.

N.B.—Wanted—German woman, \$25 or 30 years old, housekeeper, \$25.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS BOOKKEEPER, shorthand and typewriter preferred, to go into the country; must furnish best of references. Apply at or near 228 Baker Block, HEMET LAND CO.

WANTED—AMANUENSIS, VULCANIZER, traveling man, salesman, deliveryman, ranchman, mechanical and clerical situations. NITTINGER'S, 318 S. Spring.

WANTED—BOY TO CARE FOR LAWN 3 hours daily. Address F. box 34.

TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—CARRIER FOR A FOOTWEAR EXAMINER OFFICE, 227 W. First st.

26

FOR SALE—
City Property. Price Given.

FOR SALE—BY M. F. O'DEA, 103 S. Broadway.

Lot on 29th Street, covered with large fruit trees, \$650.

2 lots near 23d and Bonnello st., \$150.

Lot on clean side street, \$100 each.

Lot on clean side street, \$100 each.

Lot on clean side street, \$100 each.

Lot on west side Grand ave., south of Adams, \$650-\$700.

Lots on Maple ave., 50x150, bet. Pico and 15th, \$1000.

M. F. O'DEA, 103 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—TRUSTEE'S SALE—BEST

bargains in the city; fine hill farm from \$50 to \$250 per acre; best in Southern California; all nice, restful lots on and near Pasadena ave. and proposed electric car line, from \$35 up; water pipes, \$100; land and lots; this world three times the money asked; see H. H. PRESTON, trustee, 213 N. Main st., room 5. 27

FOR SALE—CHEAP, CHOICE, LOT, 60x150 feet, N.E. cor. 23d and Grand ave.

For rent, Elmer's 8-room, restful, \$25 per month; driving horses and cash to exchange for desirable lot. Apply to owner, ALFRED COOPER, attorney-at-law, 81 and 8 Temple Block. Money loan on mortgage.

FOR SALE—FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS,

Real Estate.

Come and see us, our new office, new prices, new room, and new property.

FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS.

FOR SALE—THE THROOP TRACT, CHOICE

building lots, \$150 per foot, 25th, 37th and Maple ave.; \$350 up; cash balance long time; 3 car lines, choice neighborhood, \$1000 per acre; the perfect; we will take pleasure in showing the property. STANLEY & VAN ALSTINE, 225 W. First st.

FOR SALE—CHEAPEST BARGAIN IN THE CITY; 4-room house, good lot, spring water, barn, poultry house, all complete, \$100; cable and road, \$100.

J. W. FOSTER, 103 W. First st.

FOR SALE—A GREAT BARGAIN

will be given at 3 fine lots, southwest direction, to Washington st. Address OWNER, 103 W. First st.

FOR SALE—120 FEET AND IMPROVEMENTS, N.W. cor. of Broadway and Fourth st. J. F. FOSMIR, Fosmire Iron Works.

FOR SALE—WEST END TERRACE,

near Westlake Park; lots 40 to 80, PONDER & SMITH, 115 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE FINEST CORNER ON W. Adams at a great bargain. G. C. EDWARDS, 23d W. First. 26

FOR SALE—\$1250 FOR A FINE LOT IN HILL BLDG., 103 S. Broadway, G. C. EDWARDS, 23d W. First. 26

FOR SALE—LOT ON HILL BET. SECOND and Third sts. Address H. box 3.

1 TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—A LOT ON OLIVE ST. Address K. box 65. TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—Houses, Price Given.

FOR SALE—FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS.

Second door south City Hall.

REAL ESTATE.

Everything first class and at low prices.

FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS.

FOR SALE—WESTERN TERRACE,

bath, hall, bath, mantel modern conveniences; southwest, near electric power, \$1200; good lot, \$1000.

TAYLOR & RICHARDS, 102 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE FINEST CORNER ON W. Adams at a great bargain. G. C. EDWARDS, 23d W. First. 26

FOR SALE—\$1250 FOR A FINE LOT IN HILL BLDG., 103 S. Broadway, G. C. EDWARDS, 23d W. First. 26

FOR SALE—LOT ON HILL BET. SECOND and Third sts. Address H. box 3.

1 TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—A LOT ON OLIVE ST. Address K. box 65. TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—Houses, Price Given.

FOR SALE—FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS.

Second door south City Hall.

REAL ESTATE.

Everything first class and at low prices.

FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS.

FOR SALE—WESTERN TERRACE,

bath, hall, bath, mantel modern conveniences; southwest, near electric power, \$1200; good lot, \$1000.

TAYLOR & RICHARDS, 102 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE FINEST CORNER ON W. Adams at a great bargain. G. C. EDWARDS, 23d W. First. 26

FOR SALE—\$1250 FOR A FINE LOT IN HILL BLDG., 103 S. Broadway, G. C. EDWARDS, 23d W. First. 26

FOR SALE—LOT ON HILL BET. SECOND and Third sts. Address H. box 3.

1 TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—A LOT ON OLIVE ST. Address K. box 65. TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—Houses, Price Given.

FOR SALE—FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS.

Second door south City Hall.

REAL ESTATE.

Everything first class and at low prices.

FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS.

FOR SALE—WESTERN TERRACE,

bath, hall, bath, mantel modern conveniences; southwest, near electric power, \$1200; good lot, \$1000.

TAYLOR & RICHARDS, 102 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE FINEST CORNER ON W. Adams at a great bargain. G. C. EDWARDS, 23d W. First. 26

FOR SALE—\$1250 FOR A FINE LOT IN HILL BLDG., 103 S. Broadway, G. C. EDWARDS, 23d W. First. 26

FOR SALE—LOT ON HILL BET. SECOND and Third sts. Address H. box 3.

1 TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—A LOT ON OLIVE ST. Address K. box 65. TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—Houses, Price Given.

FOR SALE—FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS.

Second door south City Hall.

REAL ESTATE.

Everything first class and at low prices.

FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS.

FOR SALE—WESTERN TERRACE,

bath, hall, bath, mantel modern conveniences; southwest, near electric power, \$1200; good lot, \$1000.

TAYLOR & RICHARDS, 102 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE FINEST CORNER ON W. Adams at a great bargain. G. C. EDWARDS, 23d W. First. 26

FOR SALE—\$1250 FOR A FINE LOT IN HILL BLDG., 103 S. Broadway, G. C. EDWARDS, 23d W. First. 26

FOR SALE—LOT ON HILL BET. SECOND and Third sts. Address H. box 3.

1 TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—A LOT ON OLIVE ST. Address K. box 65. TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—Houses, Price Given.

FOR SALE—FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS.

Second door south City Hall.

REAL ESTATE.

Everything first class and at low prices.

FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS.

FOR SALE—WESTERN TERRACE,

bath, hall, bath, mantel modern conveniences; southwest, near electric power, \$1200; good lot, \$1000.

TAYLOR & RICHARDS, 102 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE FINEST CORNER ON W. Adams at a great bargain. G. C. EDWARDS, 23d W. First. 26

FOR SALE—\$1250 FOR A FINE LOT IN HILL BLDG., 103 S. Broadway, G. C. EDWARDS, 23d W. First. 26

FOR SALE—LOT ON HILL BET. SECOND and Third sts. Address H. box 3.

1 TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—A LOT ON OLIVE ST. Address K. box 65. TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—Houses, Price Given.

FOR SALE—FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS.

Second door south City Hall.

REAL ESTATE.

Everything first class and at low prices.

FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS.

FOR SALE—WESTERN TERRACE,

bath, hall, bath, mantel modern conveniences; southwest, near electric power, \$1200; good lot, \$1000.

TAYLOR & RICHARDS, 102 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE FINEST CORNER ON W. Adams at a great bargain. G. C. EDWARDS, 23d W. First. 26

FOR SALE—\$1250 FOR A FINE LOT IN HILL BLDG., 103 S. Broadway, G. C. EDWARDS, 23d W. First. 26

FOR SALE—LOT ON HILL BET. SECOND and Third sts. Address H. box 3.

1 TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—A LOT ON OLIVE ST. Address K. box 65. TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—Houses, Price Given.

FOR SALE—FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS.

Second door south City Hall.

REAL ESTATE.

Everything first class and at low prices.

FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS.

FOR SALE—WESTERN TERRACE,

bath, hall, bath, mantel modern conveniences; southwest, near electric power, \$1200; good lot, \$1000.

TAYLOR & RICHARDS, 102 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE FINEST CORNER ON W. Adams at a great bargain. G. C. EDWARDS, 23d W. First. 26

FOR SALE—\$1250 FOR A FINE LOT IN HILL BLDG., 103 S. Broadway, G. C. EDWARDS, 23d W. First. 26

FOR SALE—LOT ON HILL BET. SECOND and Third sts. Address H. box 3.

1 TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—A LOT ON OLIVE ST. Address K. box 65. TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—Houses, Price Given.

FOR SALE—FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS.

Second door south City Hall.

REAL ESTATE.

Everything first class and at low prices.

FRASER, COOK & PEARSONS.

FOR SALE—WESTERN TERRACE,

bath, hall, bath, mantel modern conveniences; southwest, near electric power, \$1200; good lot, \$1000.

TAYLOR & RICHARDS, 102 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE FINEST CORNER ON W. Adams at a great bargain. G. C. EDWARDS,

The Times-Mirror Company,

PUBLISHERS OF THE

Los Angeles Daily Times, the Sunday Times, and the Saturday Times and Weekly Mirror.

H. G. OTIS.

L. E. MOSHER.....Vice-President

ALBERT McFARLAND.....Secretary

President and General Manager.

MARIAN OTIS.....Secretary

Treasurer

Office: Times Building.

N. E. corner of First and Broadway. Telephone numbers: Editorial 674; Business office, 29

EASTERN REPRESENTATIVE: H. D. LACOSTE, 38 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

Founded December 4, 1851.

The Los Angeles Times

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

TWELFTH YEAR.

TERMS: By Mail, \$9 a year; by carrier 85 cents a month, or 20 cents a week. Sunday Times, \$2 a year. Weekly, \$1.30; 6 months, 75 cents.

Guaranteed Net Daily Circulation, June, 12,211 Copies

Exceeding the net circulation of any other two Los Angeles daily papers.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter

The Banks and the People.

Attention has been called in The Times to the fact that the fruit interests of the State are being materially affected by the stringency of the money market. This is not because there is no money in the banks, for these institutions are probably carrying as much, if not more, actual coin than at any previous time. The reason is that the banks, except in a few instances, have refused to advance the canners any money. This extreme conservatism on the part of these fiduciary institutions is causing the canners and the growers no end of trouble, and may result disastrously to the fruit interests of the State.

In previous years the banks have been in the habit of advancing money to the canners and taking their warehouse receipts as security. The canners would buy their fruit from the commission merchants or growers, and when it was canned the warehouse receipts were deposited with the banks as security for money advanced.

The canners complain that the banks have refused to advance money for the conduct of this unquestionably legitimate business. They insist that the banks, in not permitting money to go out to this industry, are straining a point as against legitimate banking, and are conducting their institutions more as clearing-houses than as commercial banks.

Not only have the banks refused to advance money on warehouse receipts, but they have refused to accept drafts against purchases of canned goods in the East, secured by bills of lading. That is, the banks have announced that they will accept these drafts against bills of lading only to a limited extent.

These remarks apply more particularly to the banks of San Francisco. Banks in the fruit-growing regions of the State, which more fully realize the importance of that industry, have been more liberal in making advances.

That energetic paper, the Sacramento Bee, has been discussing this question very thoroughly. The Bee claims that the banks have in this matter precipitated an unnecessary and deplorable condition of things, because of individual timidity, and because there was a lack of co-operation among them. In the course of a long editorial on the subject, the Bee makes the following suggestion of a remedy:

"Let the savings banks of each community, and the State at large, agree among themselves that they will loan out their money on approved security now as at any other time; that they will modify their rules so that they are so doing in the public interest; and that they will call a meeting of all the American people will do the right thing at the right time."

It is curious upon what slight foundation wars are declared among the great European powers. Here we have a prospect of a general European rumous, all on account of some miserable little dispute in a far-off, half-civilized, Asiatic region, which could easily settle by half an hour's quiet discussion of the subject, if the parties interested desired to have it settled that way, but the trouble is that they don't—at least, the rulers do not. Besides that, there are the ambitions of the officers in those large standing armies, which are a constant menace to the peace of the continent.

The forces of the provisional government of Hawaii had their first taste of fighting under the new regime in a conflict with rebellious lepers on the island of Kauai. They retired, however, covered with glory, as the lepers surrendered after setting the best of the fight, so far as bloodshed was concerned. The senseless rumors of Royalist outbreaks continue to agitate easily-startled Honolulu, and it would seem that none but the Royalists themselves understand that such talk is absurd so long as a foreign, or at least an American, warship lies within the harbor.

Books by the Ton.
People who have watched the wonderful improvements, which have been made in newspaper presses, by which bulky papers are printed, cut, pasted, folded and turned out almost quicker than the eye can follow, have been expecting that there would soon be a like advance in the art of manufacturing books.

The perfected book manufacturing machine appears at length to have arrived. One of them is at full work in New York, turning out paper-covered novels by hundreds of thousands. The machine, as described, is a large web press, similar to the kind newspapers are printed on, but arranged to take curved electrotypes of each page of a book instead of a single large metal cylindrical casting. There are two cylinders, on each of which 144 pages may be screwed, and as the long strip of paper goes through first one side is printed and then the other, making it possible to print 288 pages at every revolution. The strip of paper, after being carried over rollers which dry the ink, is cut, folded and brought together in the shape of a small volume, with the edges all trimmed. Every time the great cylinder goes round a novel is printed, folded and trimmed, and 5000 of these are turned out every

hour, while, if it were necessary, 7000 or 8000 might be the quota.

From the printing press these books are carried to a little machine that looks like a sewing machine, and two wire stitches are taken in the back of each. The stitched volumes are then carried to the covering machine, where they are put side to side in a long feeding trough. At the end of this is a little compartment large enough to take a book, carried on an endless chain running over wheels at each end; indeed, there are a series of little compartments on this chain, and, as the chain moves along, each one receives a book. As the book proceeds, a wheel running in a glue pot presses against its back, smearing it with glue. A little further along there is a pile of covers that comes up at just the right moment, leaving a cover sticking to the glue back of the book. In this way fifty books can be covered every minute.

It is evident that we are approaching a new era in the history of cheap literature. Books will soon be sold in carload lots, at so much per hundred pounds, and we shall see dealers ordering a ton of assorted literature in the same manner that a mixed carload of fruit is now purchased.

There are some people who are inclined to doubt whether this wonderful cheapening of the price of books is altogether an unmixed blessing. Things are generally valued in proportion to the difficulty of obtaining them. In olden times, when learned monks spent laborious years in writing great tomes upon vellum, books were considered so precious that they were kept under lock and key, and were valued at a prince's ransom, and were sometimes made the subject of international treaties.

Now we have reached the other extreme, and books are about the cheapest product of civilization.

It sometimes seems as if people nowadays valued them less on that account.

There is certainly less of solid, steady reading, with a purpose, than there was a generation ago. With many, reading is a sort of mental droning.

A sip is taken here and another there, resulting in temporary exhilaration, but no permanent nourishment of the brain.

However, the age of cheap literature is with us, and it has come to stay. Whatever the few drawbacks of too promiscuous reading may be, none will deny that a free and independent literature, accessible to all, is one of the strongest features of this government by the people. With papers and books in the hands of free voters there need be no fear but that the American people will do the right thing at the right time.

It is curious upon what slight foundation wars are declared among the great European powers. Here we have a prospect of a general European rumous, all on account of some miserable little dispute in a far-off, half-civilized, Asiatic region, which could easily settle by half an hour's quiet discussion of the subject, if the parties interested desired to have it settled that way, but the trouble is that they don't—at least, the rulers do not. Besides that, there are the ambitions of the officers in those large standing armies, which are a constant menace to the peace of the continent.

The forces of the provisional government of Hawaii had their first taste of fighting under the new regime in a conflict with rebellious lepers on the island of Kauai. They retired, however, covered with glory, as the lepers surrendered after setting the best of the fight, so far as bloodshed was concerned. The senseless rumors of Royalist outbreaks continue to agitate easily-startled Honolulu, and it would seem that none but the Royalists themselves understand that such talk is absurd so long as a foreign, or at least an American, warship lies within the harbor.

Mr. Preston of the mint is receiving a great amount of denunciation throughout the country on account of his determination only to buy silver at London prices, and when he cannot get it at such prices, not to buy the full quota required by law to be purchased. It does seem curious that a purchasing country like England should fix the price for a producing country like the United States. Moreover, it is scarcely probable that when "market price" was inserted in the law, it was intended to pay for meeting the producers of the State a little more than half way.

Books by the Ton.
People who have watched the wonderful improvements, which have been made in newspaper presses, by which bulky papers are printed, cut, pasted, folded and turned out almost quicker than the eye can follow, have been expecting that there would soon be a like advance in the art of manufacturing books.

The Los Angeles Times is getting to be a great place for conventions. In October there will be the National Irrigation Congress, which will sit for five days, and the State Board of Horticulture has decided to hold the next State Fruit-growers' Convention in this city on the 1st of November, to last four days. Los Angeles will give the fruit-growers of the State a warm welcome, and will try to show the northern citrus belt something worth seeing in the line of oranges, although it will be a trifle.

San Bernardino has a tempest in a teapot, caused by the fact that there are lions on the Courthouse—not live ones, but stone carvings—and some citizens see in this a covert attempt to establish British sovereignty over the largest county in the State. Since when has perfidious Albion had

Silver and Gold.

Senator Manderson's idea in regard to the silver question is that the first thing Congress should, and probably will, do is to pass a joint resolution that the government will keep every silver and paper dollar on a parity with gold. That will go a long way in settling unrest and the feeling of distrust. The Senate believes in free coinage of silver, with a change of ratio. He thinks the present ratio should probably be changed from 1 to 16 to 22 or even 25, the coinage being fixed at the market ratio. Such a plan of free coinage as this would meet with less opposition than that hitherto proposed, although it is doubtful whether it would satisfy the extreme silver men. The ratio might be changed at stated periods, to conform to the course of the silver market, although this would be a rather clumsy arrangement, and might unsettle values toward the time when a change was to be made. The whole subject is fraught with much difficulty.

A letter is published this morning in The Times from G. W. E. Griffith, a prominent Denver banker, who has recently invested largely in Los Angeles real estate, in which he shows by figures that the cessation of free coinage is not responsible for the decline in value of silver. Mr. Griffith attributes the present trouble to the great increase in the product of silver, which in 1891 was twenty-four times greater than the product of gold, whereas in 1881 it was only about six times greater.

As Mr. Griffith says, we cannot ignore these facts. The question is whether the United States can maintain the parity between the two metals at the ratio of 16 to 1 without the co-operation of other nations. Many, who are by no means "gold bugs," do not believe that we can. If not, the next question is whether, and in what manner, it is practicable to adopt another ratio, in accordance with the suggestion of Senator Manderson.

The people of the Southern States are sowing the storm, and it is to be feared that the next generation will reap the whirlwind. The effect of these frequent brutal exhibitions of lynch law cannot fail to have a debasing effect upon the rising generation of that section.

That unfortunate Northwest! During the winter they freeze to death; in spring and fall they are blown away, and now, in summer, it is so hot that the grain crop is almost ruined. Come to the sunny—but not too sunny—Southwest!

A mistake has been found in the figures of the Treasury Department, and instead of the balance of trade against this country being \$25,000,000, it is now stated that it will not exceed \$50,000,000.

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

Silver and Gold—Parity of the Metals.

LOS ANGELES, July 20, 1893.—(To the editor of The Times.) Your correspondent from Pasadena, J. D. Young, in his letter published in your paper, July 13, says:

"The decline in value of silver has been caused by the decrease in its consumption, caused by the act of Congress." This is a reckless statement, wholly unfounded in fact, and similar to so much that we read in this subject. Let us consider the facts.

The coining of silver dollars was discontinued by the law of April 2, 1873, henceforth, was engineered by British influence through a paid agent, who, in addition to looking after the interests of gold, also disbursed some of the precious metal among the Chinamen of California, which had elected him, in payment of a job," said the speaker. There was a conspiracy to depress silver, as money, all over the world, in which the Senator at that time shared. Mr. Cannon said he also coincided fully with that belief.

Mr. Cannon, in his remarks, charged, was engineered by British influence through a paid agent, who, in addition to looking after the interests of gold, also disbursed some of the precious metal among the Chinamen of California, which had elected him, in payment of a job," said the speaker. There was a conspiracy to depress silver, as money, all over the world, in which the Senator at that time shared. Mr. Cannon said he also coincided fully with that belief.

Mr. Cannon, in his remarks, charged, was engineered by British influence through a paid agent, who, in addition to looking after the interests of gold, also disbursed some of the precious metal among the Chinamen of California, which had elected him, in payment of a job," said the speaker. There was a conspiracy to depress silver, as money, all over the world, in which the Senator at that time shared. Mr. Cannon said he also coincided fully with that belief.

Mr. Cannon, in his remarks, charged, was engineered by British influence through a paid agent, who, in addition to looking after the interests of gold, also disbursed some of the precious metal among the Chinamen of California, which had elected him, in payment of a job," said the speaker. There was a conspiracy to depress silver, as money, all over the world, in which the Senator at that time shared. Mr. Cannon said he also coincided fully with that belief.

Mr. Cannon, in his remarks, charged, was engineered by British influence through a paid agent, who, in addition to looking after the interests of gold, also disbursed some of the precious metal among the Chinamen of California, which had elected him, in payment of a job," said the speaker. There was a conspiracy to depress silver, as money, all over the world, in which the Senator at that time shared. Mr. Cannon said he also coincided fully with that belief.

Mr. Cannon, in his remarks, charged, was engineered by British influence through a paid agent, who, in addition to looking after the interests of gold, also disbursed some of the precious metal among the Chinamen of California, which had elected him, in payment of a job," said the speaker. There was a conspiracy to depress silver, as money, all over the world, in which the Senator at that time shared. Mr. Cannon said he also coincided fully with that belief.

Mr. Cannon, in his remarks, charged, was engineered by British influence through a paid agent, who, in addition to looking after the interests of gold, also disbursed some of the precious metal among the Chinamen of California, which had elected him, in payment of a job," said the speaker. There was a conspiracy to depress silver, as money, all over the world, in which the Senator at that time shared. Mr. Cannon said he also coincided fully with that belief.

Mr. Cannon, in his remarks, charged, was engineered by British influence through a paid agent, who, in addition to looking after the interests of gold, also disbursed some of the precious metal among the Chinamen of California, which had elected him, in payment of a job," said the speaker. There was a conspiracy to depress silver, as money, all over the world, in which the Senator at that time shared. Mr. Cannon said he also coincided fully with that belief.

Mr. Cannon, in his remarks, charged, was engineered by British influence through a paid agent, who, in addition to looking after the interests of gold, also disbursed some of the precious metal among the Chinamen of California, which had elected him, in payment of a job," said the speaker. There was a conspiracy to depress silver, as money, all over the world, in which the Senator at that time shared. Mr. Cannon said he also coincided fully with that belief.

Mr. Cannon, in his remarks, charged, was engineered by British influence through a paid agent, who, in addition to looking after the interests of gold, also disbursed some of the precious metal among the Chinamen of California, which had elected him, in payment of a job," said the speaker. There was a conspiracy to depress silver, as money, all over the world, in which the Senator at that time shared. Mr. Cannon said he also coincided fully with that belief.

Mr. Cannon, in his remarks, charged, was engineered by British influence through a paid agent, who, in addition to looking after the interests of gold, also disbursed some of the precious metal among the Chinamen of California, which had elected him, in payment of a job," said the speaker. There was a conspiracy to depress silver, as money, all over the world, in which the Senator at that time shared. Mr. Cannon said he also coincided fully with that belief.

THE WHITE METAL.

Congressman Cannon on

A Remedy Proposed for Confronting Evils.

Senator White Also Addresses His Constituents.

Two Thousand People Assembled at the Old Courthouse Last Night—Both Representatives Will Live Up to Their Pledges.

An audience of about two thousand assembled last night in front of the old Courthouse on Market street to hear Hon. Marion Cannon, Congressman from this district, express his views on the silver question. The Douglass Military Band, which had previously paraded the streets, furnished the music.

After a short introduction by the president of the evening, Dist.-Atty. Dillon ascended the platform and paid a high tribute to the member of Congress from the Sixth California district. He said Mr. Cannon would be heard in Congress, not in the dulcet tones of a dupe, but in honest tones from an honest heart. He referred to the many perplexing questions of the present day, but said the money question was paramount.

Mr. Cannon was then introduced, and was received with applause. After the applause had subsided, Mr. Cannon began his remarks. He said it was but natural that his constituents should desire to know his views on the question now agitating the minds of the American people. The Sixth Congress District of California, which had elected him, intended that he should represent the whole district, and he was fully prepared to carry out the trust.

Referring to the recent bank failures in this state, the speaker declared that there was no end in sight to the present financial crisis. The time had come to settle this question, and it must be settled now in the interests of the great industrial classes. He recalled Ingalls' speech in the House when the "station man novel of a job" said there was a feeling among the masses that there was a conspiracy to depress silver, as money, all over the world, in which he was fully prepared to support his constituents.

Referring to the recent bank failures in this state, the speaker declared that there was no end in sight to the present financial crisis. The time had come to settle this question, and it must be settled now in the interests of the great industrial classes. He recalled Ingalls' speech in the House when the "station man novel of a job" said there was a feeling among the masses that there was a conspiracy to depress silver, as money, all over the world, in which he was fully prepared to support his constituents.

Referring to the recent bank failures in this state, the speaker declared that there was no end in sight to the present financial crisis. The time had come to settle this question, and it must be settled now in the interests of the great industrial classes. He recalled Ingalls' speech in the House when the "station man novel of a job" said there was a feeling among the masses that there was a conspiracy to depress silver, as money, all over the world, in which he was fully prepared to support his constituents.

Referring to the recent bank failures in this state, the speaker declared that there was no end in sight to the present financial crisis. The time had come to settle this question, and it must be settled now in the interests of the great industrial classes. He recalled Ingalls' speech in the House when the "station man novel of a job" said there was a feeling among the masses that there was a conspiracy to depress silver, as money, all over the world, in which he was fully prepared to support his constituents.

Referring to the recent bank failures in this state, the speaker declared that there was no end in sight to the present financial crisis. The time had come to settle this question, and it must be settled now in the interests of the great industrial classes. He recalled Ingalls' speech in the House when the "station man novel of a job" said there was a feeling among the masses that there was a conspiracy to depress silver, as money, all over the world, in which he was fully prepared to support his constituents.

Referring to the recent bank failures in this state, the speaker declared that there was no end in sight to the present financial crisis. The time had come to settle this question, and it must be settled now in the interests of the great industrial classes. He recalled Ingalls' speech in the House when the "station man novel of a job" said there was a feeling among the masses that there was a conspiracy to depress silver, as money, all over the world, in which he was fully prepared to support his constituents.

ANOTHER DELAY.

The Hamilton Divorce Case Continued.

Illness of the Defendant the Alleged Cause.

How Henry Schmit Tried to Escape His Creditors.

The Second Day of the Quon Toy Ying Murder Trial—Testimony of Witnesses for the Prosecution—Notes.

There was another postponement ordered in the Hamilton divorce case yesterday, it still appearing that the defendant, Sam Hamilton, was ill, unable to attend court in person. Before any proceedings were taken or orders made, Mr. Valentine, counsel for the wife, arose and stated that Mrs. Hamilton had lived away from home for some time through fear of her husband, and that, as the residence property belonged to her alone, she would like to be allowed to occupy the place. This she could not do if Hamilton was allowed to remain there.

C. Stephen Esq., on the other side, had also something to say. He stated that, to his knowledge, Mr. Hamilton had written several letters to his wife, asking her to return to the house, and promising that he would not trouble her in any way if she did so; to which Mr. Valentine replied that such promises had been made before, and that Mrs. Hamilton, in this instance, had given assurance that the husband were to be relieved upon.

The court held that it was very clear that the law declared the home of the wife to be the abiding place of the husband so long as the two were married and intimated that he could not legally direct that the husband vacate the premises.

Mr. Stephen then suggested that an order be made allowing Mrs. Hamilton to return to the house, a friend with her, and that Hamilton be instructed not to molest her in any way. Judge Van Dyke saw no other solution of the difficulty, and made the desired order. The case was then continued, to be reset.

It was evident that the order was not at all satisfactory to Mrs. Hamilton, for she undoubtedly was not willing to run the risk of being ill-treated as she already has been while living under the same roof with her husband.

COLLECT THE BILL.

Henry Schmit, who formerly ran a restaurant on Broadway, having resided in the town for some time past, in the opinion of the world, the world gathered his personal property and seek new pastures. Accordingly, he packed his effects and, with his worthy spouse, made arrangements to leave the city on the late train Monday evening. He failed to let the railroad and intended department be generally known, however, for reasons which afterward developed in very rapid sequence. It seems that, during his business operations, he had contracted several bills, which he did not pay. On his creditors, a butcher, found out at about 9 o'clock Monday night that the wily restaurateur contemplated moving, and he lost no time in hunting up Considine, his attorney, and notifying him of the fact. Rogers, in turn, visited the house of Justice Bartholomew, and in short order had out an attachment. Hurrying down to the depot, the officer seized upon a trunk belonging to Schmit. The Schmit family were very much dismayed when they found that their departure was to be delayed, and, after fishing around in his pockets, the husband sadly drew forth a few dollars, which he handed to Mr. Rogers, and the family were permitted to leave. The Schmit family were sorrowfully fumbled about in her clothes, bringing out several more coins, which she declared, with tears in her eyes, was all the money she had. Finding that there was no other way out of the scrape, after considerable haggling, Mr. Schmit, in desperation, dove down into his pockets and drew forth a huge buckskin sack, containing something like \$400 in gold, and counted out the necessary amount when his baggage was released. The final settlement in the case was concluded in the Township Court yesterday morning, and the Schmit family started on their journey to the depot as fast as they could travel.

AN INSANE PHOTOGRAPHER.

The photographer, George N. Dewey, was adjudged insane yesterday, when examined before Judge Shaw and a lunacy commission consisting of Drs. MacGowan and Wernerick, and ordered committed to the insane asylum at Agnews. Several days ago, Dewey was arrested and confined at the instance of the authorities, but was afterward to have regained his senses almost completely, and he was therefore released. Since then, however, his former peculiar mania has again come upon him, and he is now considered to be an absolute lunatic.

The influence of the attack, Dewey believes himself to be a millionaire, and constantly keeps at work upon some imaginary scheme. For instance, his latest idea is to build a railroad around the United States, beginning at Chicago and terminating at San Francisco. He does not believe the appearance of a demented man, but, during the examination yesterday listened intently to all that was said, though he plainly failed to realize that he was about to be committed. Mrs. Dewey, who accompanied him to the Sheriff's office, was the first to notice the change in him, and the Sheriff conducted the insane man back to the jail, when a very affecting meeting took place between the husband and wife. Dewey will be taken north today.

All the day was taken to the County Jail, he became very violent. He attempted to start a fire in his cell, but it was discovered before any serious damage was done.

THE CHINESE MURDERER.

The trial of Quon Toy Ying, the Chinese murderer, was resumed yesterday morning at 10 o'clock in Judge Smith's court. After Mr. MacLellan had been first examined, the other members of Ying's countrymen were put on the stand, and the taking of their testimony lasted throughout the remainder of the day.

The Chinamen all gave evidence to much the same effect, telling how, on the night of the murder, they heard several pistol shots and also a woman cry for help. Ah Lip, the man who received two bullets from Ying's revolver in his body, gave a somewhat disconnected, though intelligible, account of the fight, and positively identified Ying, or Moon, as he is also called, as being the person who did the shooting and cutting.

THE CITY BANK CASE.

Upon the reading and filing of the receiver's petition in the case of Miller vs. the City Bank, Judge Shaw yesterday ordered that all claims of the depositors, as shown by the statement of the receiver filed on July 22, should stand approved and that all preferred claims against the fund coming into the hands of the receiver; except of persons who have intervened or shall intervene within sixty days, claiming a preference or the claims of persons against whom said bank has an offset, and except also such claims as the re-

ceiver may decide to contest, or all those claims which have been assigned, in such case on satisfactory proof to the court of such assignment.

Court Notes.

The cause of the Savings Bank of Southern California vs. the City of Pasadena, was continued yesterday until July 31 by Judge Shaw, for trial.

In the divorce case of Mrs. H. Voigt vs. H. F. Voigt, the motion of counsel for defendant to dismiss was denied yesterday by Judge McKinley, as was also one to dissolve the attachment thereto.

John Russell, a native of Scotland, was yesterday admitted to citizenship in Department Six.

Judge Van Dyke yesterday ordered that the defendant in the case of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank Company be allowed ten days' additional time to that allowed by law in which to serve notice of intention to move for a new trial and prepare bill of exceptions.

Papers have been filed in the divorce cause of Minnie Daniels vs. Frederick B. Daniels.

On account of defendant's counsel's time for passing sentence in the Funds case was yesterday continued to July 26 at 5 o'clock, by Judge Smith.

S. A. Drummond, accused of embezzlement, entered a plea of not guilty to the charge yesterday in Department One, where it was ordered that he appear for trial on August 17.

The case of L. H. Hill against the Electric Railway Company, a suit to recover \$2000 for personal injuries, was on trial yesterday in Department Six.

New Suits.

Preliminary papers in the following new suits were filed with the County Clerk yesterday:

Nicholas Hassens vs. Andrew L. Brown; suit on foreclosure of mortgage for \$300.

Petition of First Presbyterian Church of El Monte for leave to mortgage property.

Petition of Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Compton for leave to mortgage property.

Estate of Mary Ann Reeves, deceased; petition of George Reeves for letters of administration.

N. Monroe vs. A. H. Johnson et al.; suit for dissolution of partnership and an accounting.

L. G. Parker vs. Ledger Publishing Company; suit on foreclosure of chattel mortgage for \$2000.

Today's Calendar.

Department One—Judge Smith: People vs. Young Toy Ying; murder, on trial.

Department Two—Judge Clark: No session.

Department Three—Judge Wade: No session.

Department Four—Judge Van Dyke: McCarting vs. Wycoff; foreclosure; Hallack vs. Easton; foreclosure.

Department Five—Judge Shaw: Pegg vs. Pegg; for money.

Department Six—Judge McKinley: Clear.

A BRUTAL ASSAULT.

A Drunken Man Bodily Used Up on a Santa Monica Train.

Upon one of the afternoon trains from Santa Monica yesterday, there was a passenger aboard who had imbibed so much "red liquor" as to be in a silly, maudlin state which makes these people nothing of a nuisance. Sitting directly behind him was a fellow with his hat down over his eyes, appearing to be asleep. The drunkard, in his probable desire to be funny, but without any malice, reached over and lifted up the hat of the sleeper, whereat the latter, with many pretensions of being a "gentleman," said he affirmed, but sadly lacking almost every gentlemanly quality, made an ungracious and snarling remark upon the poor drunken fellow, twisting his nose until the blood flew in large quantities, and striking him several times upon the face. The man with a jag was too full to defend himself, and all he could do was to take such punishment as the big, ruffianly fellow gave him.

When his anger seemed appeased, the "gentleman" desisted; not without first impressing upon the passengers that he had made an extremely cowardly attack upon a poor, defenseless inmate.

Licensed to Wed.

Marriage Licenses were issued yesterday at the office of the County Clerk as follows:

W. M. Boone, a native of Missouri, aged 16 years, to Anna Smith, a native of Kentucky, aged 35 years; both residents of the county.

Nicholas Sheridan, a native of New York, aged 49 years, to Mrs. Mary J. Stearns, native of Kansas, aged 34 years; both residents of Pasadena.

William Grant Mathis, a native of Illinois, aged 20 years, to Anna C. Mathis, of this city to Elizabeth Winans, a native and resident of Illinois, aged 20 years.

D. G. Giles, a native of Missouri, aged 25 years, to J. J. Perry, a native of California, aged 18 years; both residents of this city.

Mrs. Farnum, a native of California, aged 33 years, to Victoria Smith, of same nativity, aged 19 years; both residents of El Monte.

Baseball Revival.

The Los Angeles Baseball Club has returned, and will begin the first home series with the Oakland club at Athletic Park this afternoon. The Angels have certainly been "hoodooed" during their entire Northern trip, and a little waking-up in the coming-home games will be much appreciated by lovers of the sport. It remains to be seen how much the home influence will affect the future play of the team.

CLUB HOUSE CHEESE, a novelty to be enjoyed by connoisseurs at H. Jenkins.

No. 1

No. 2

Which is longer?

To the eye the lower of the above, No. 2, seems to be the longer, but actual measurement proves it to be precisely the same length as No. 1.

To the eye, bread, cake or biscuit made with an Alum or Ammonia baking powder may look very nice, but made with

Cleveland's

Baking Powder

it will be finer grained, will keep moist and fresh longer, and will not have a bitter or unpleasant taste; and above all, it will be perfectly wholesome.

Pioneer Truck Co.,

No. 3 Market-st.

Piano, Furniture and Safe moving. Baggage and freight delivered promptly to address. Telephone 137.

Your Summer Vacation

WHERE WILL YOU SPEND IT?

WHY NOT GO TO THE HOTEL DEL CORONADO?



These visitors have hundreds of ways to enjoy life and are sure of pleasant days and cool nights. Hunting, fishing, boating and driving, lawn tennis, etc.

The Salt Water Swimming Banks

Are the largest and finest in the world.

With Hot & Cold Water.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS

From Los Angeles, Pasadena, Redlands, San Bernardino, Riverside, \$1.00, including one night's board on the train, with privilege of longer stay at \$2.50 per day. For information and descriptive pamphlets, rates, etc., apply at 129 North Spring-st.

E. S. BARBOCK, Manager,

Coronado, Cal.



So well known have the curative qualities of BARTLETT SPRINGS been that supposed to be the best in the world to partake of its life giving powers.

Guests will find at the SPRINGS a telephone, express and telegraph office, a telegraph, etc.

String and brass band. Dancing, etc.

The route to the SPRINGS can be learned of the conductor of the train.

For rates, pamphlets, etc., write to MINERAL WATER OFFICE, No. 22 Fourth St., S. E. to BARTLETT SPRINGS, Mineral Water, N. B.—Those unable to visit the springs will greatly benefit by drinking the water at home. For sale at Drug Stores and Saloons.

Getting Thin

is often equivalent to getting ill. If loss of flesh can be arrested and disease baffled the "weak spots" in the system are eradicated.

Scott's Emulsion

is an absolute corrective of "weak spots." It is a builder of worn out failing tissue—nature's food that stops waste and creates healthy flesh.

Prepared by Scott & Brown, Chemists.

New York. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Columbian Cream!

Is a good thing in the house.

It is good for the Babies.

It is delicious on Oat Meal.

It is delicious on Germea.

It is delicious on Berries.

It makes delicious Ice Cream.

It makes a delicious Custard.

It is delicious in Coffee.

It is just the thing for Picnics.

It is just the thing for Campers.

In flavor and color it is superior to all others.

For sale by all Grocers at the uniform price of 15c PER CAN.

BUY

Columbian Cream!**Dr. Liebig & Co., Specialists.**

Established 27 years. Branch of San Fran-

cisco.

123 S. Main st., Los Angeles.

DR. LIEBIG'S INVIGORATOR

Dr. Liebig's oldest and most reliable

Special Physicians and

Surgeons on the Pacific Coast, con-

stantly cure diseases of a chronic na-

ture, no matter how complicated or

who has failed. Send for a confi-

dential book containing valuable infor-

mation and directions.

Our diagnosis sheets sent free

and our physicians are always ready to

give personal interviews. Cures guaranteed in curable cases. All business private

and sacredly confidential.

Our diagnosis sheets sent free

and our physicians are always ready to

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.



PASADENA.

Extracts from Judge Shaw's Rossiter Case Opinion.

Fruit-growers Getting Ready to Organize
The \$10,000 Suit Settled Out of Court—Persons and Brevities.

Unusual interest has been manifested here, particularly on the part of the law men, in the decision of Judge Shaw in the City Recorder's case, which establishes J. G. Rossiter's right and title to continue in such capacity. Judge Shaw's opinion reached Pasadena Tuesday and the following extracts will be read with interest by all who have watched the outcome of the case.

After stating the facts of the case, which were mutually agreed upon by the opposing attorneys, Judge Shaw says:

"The language of the section seems perfectly clear and upon a hasty consideration it seems reasonable that the law should require the payment of expenses to be borne by the recorder, and thereby save the expense to the public of an additional officer. But such provisions are not always to be construed as imperative, and in order to determine whether or not it should be so held in other sections of the act, the word 'shall' has been frequently held to mean 'may' in cases where other portions of the act it appears that if the plaintiff's contention is correct it may cause a condition of things certain to be imposed by the Legislature which would render other parts of the act entirely nugatory, and even defeat the principal object of the very section under consideration."

Reference is then made to section 882, which provides for the establishment of a recorder's court, and defines its powers of jurisdiction. Continuing the opinion reads: "A city of the sixth class may be formed by any number of inhabitants less than five hundred, provided that there are no more than two cities of the sixth class in the same township. Under the law there can be but one city in the peace of the state." The provision in section 857, above quoted, no person is eligible to the office of the recorder unless he has resided in the city for one year next preceding his appointment. If there were more than two cities of the sixth class in one township, there would not be justice enough to go around, and one of the cities could have no recorder and consequently no recorder's court. It would have no means of enforcing the ordinances, because there would be no recorders, and the outside voters could, if they chose, prevent the city from having any recorder, by electing justices who reside outside of the city limits. This requirement would also prevent the recorder from being elected if they resided in the city, to combine and refuse to accept the office unless the city provided exorbitant and unreasonable fees for their compensation, or by refusing to accept the office on any terms they could virtually control the city government, or at least most of it, from within."

Judge Shaw argues that the Legislature did not intend to allow the possibility of such results as these, and that if there is any possible construction which will avoid such results, then it is obvious such construction should be adopted.

The result of all was that a resolution of Mr. Tebbetts was passed favoring organization for the purpose of packing and marketing fruit, after which one man, C. C. Brown, a subcommittee composed of that gentleman, M. H. Weight and C. C. Thompson, was appointed to obtain all possible information bearing on the subject, and to report to the general committee at an early date, after which the meeting adjourned.

PASADENA.
money involved is over \$13,000, interest on the mortgage amounting to about \$300. The full details of the case have already been given in these columns.

SAFETY FOR THE STREETS.

At stated in Tuesday's issue of the Times, the Council has instructed City Attorney Arthur to take the necessary steps for calling a special election to decide whether or not the electors desire to have this city come within the provisions of an act passed by the last Legislature to provide for the planting, maintaining, and removing trees, hedges, etc., and for the eradication of certain weeds within the city limits.

The Times has all the while strenuously urged the importance of some such action, being firm in the belief that nothing will do more to assist the city in its efforts to make a systematic planting of shade trees on all of the principal streets, and the enforcement of regulations providing for the proper care of property. It is gratifying to note, therefore, that the first steps have been taken looking toward the attainment of such results. This matter, moreover, possesses particular local interest, for the reason that the act above referred to was drawn up by C. T. Hopkins of this city, and that it was through the efforts of our townsmen Capt. C. M. Simpson, who so nobly represented us, that the last Assembly, that the act was passed by that body.

Briefly summed up, the act provides for the planting of shade trees on the streets by order of the City Council, who shall have the power to fix the time for the maintenance and care of the same, and to prescribe the height, thickness and manner of trimming hedges. Improvements of this description are ordered by the passage of a resolution of intent, and the work to be performed is to be done by the city, to be followed in any other line of street work. The manner and time of filing objections are specified. Bids are advertised for and the work is done by contract. The contractor not only furnishes the trees and plants them, but also takes care of them for cultivation, protection, irrigation and trim said trees. The cost of the work is assessed upon the property-owners. The act further gives the Council jurisdiction of the hedges and fences, and of the trimming of trees and shrubs on lots or lands on which hedges are maintained. The Council may also condemn trees or shrubs as public nuisances, any or all weeds whose seeds are of a winged or downy nature and are spread by the winds, and the removal or eradication of such weeds by the owners of the lots wherein they grow, or at their expense.

The Spaniard was dead drunk and senseless, and did not seem to realize that anything unusual had happened. He was loaded on the train and taken to Santa Ana, and placed in the City Jail to sober up.

A SCRAP OF LOCAL HISTORY.

An official act of the Board of Supervisors at its recent meeting brought out a series of local history that will be of interest to the Orange County readers of the Times. The petition from Richard Egan and others to vacate all streets and alleys in the townsite of Savanna, which was deliberated upon by the board, was rejected, the location of the townsite, and then it was ascertained that the board itself did not know that there was such a townsite in the county. Mr. Egan, however, was armed with a map and description of the property from which it was known that the townsite had been laid out and the map recorded in 1869, being the second townsite in what is now Orange county, Anaheim being the first one.

Savanna is located about eight miles above Anaheim at the artesian well of the townsite, and to its location the importance was attached to the discovery of artesian water that a party of enterprising residents of the valley proceeded to lay off a town, and to have the same properly recorded in the county of Los Angeles. But the well was not successful, and it was not long until water in other localities near by was plentiful. The projectors of the new town were slow to improve their opportunity or a lifetime. Other localities outstripped them in enterprise, and the new townsite was soon ready to purchase a town lot or two at Savanna, but went on to Anaheim, and later to Santa Ana, the present commercial center of the county, to invest their hard-earned cash. As a result, there never has been any real estate sold in Savanna, and it has been an occasional sheepherder or a traveler who would tarry at the well a few moments to quench his thirst and leave his brush with the cooling, sparkling water as it descended from the top of the mountain. One well is still used by man and beast, but the town is about to be precipitated into the mystery of the past.

More than an hour was devoted to a general discussion of the question at issue, but definite results were reached. Prominent among the workmen and citizens present were Col. Pitcher, C. Brown, C. C. Thompson and M. H. Weight. It was generally agreed that a sub-committee should be appointed to obtain all possible information on the subject with a view to ascertain the exact location of the artesian well, and to have it marked with a stone. The address was attended by all the members present.

The salvation Army corps that was located here a year ago, got very much disgusted with Pomona, and in their anger "shook the dust from their shoes" and left the city. Another corps has been located in Pomona, and the Salvation Army corps in Los Angeles, from Kansas and flour from Stockton or Minneapolis, when all of these articles are shipped in to Los Angeles, San Bernardino, Riverside, Orange and San Diego counties.

Mr. W. H. Setford is enjoying a visit from his daughter, Mrs. T. Baca of Chino.

Mrs. W. H. Setford is at Santa Monica keeping cool.

George Crafts was a visitor to Los Angeles on Tuesday.

Days like Tuesday make one wish for the coast or the mountains.

Major L. C. Moreland returned this week to his mines, near Yuma.

Mrs. W. H. Setford is enjoying a visit from her daughter, Mrs. T. Baca of Chino.

A meeting of the Board of Health is called for Friday afternoon in the City Hall.

John Eubanks and wife of Wells Fargo have returned from their Bear Valley outing.

Senator Peffer is expected to visit San Francisco and San Diego again to be con-

cerned with the various social and political events in the city.

Charles Gahr has started for a visit of several weeks with friends in Indiana and the World's Fair.

The various Y.P.S.C.E. of the city will unite in giving an entertainment and social evening for such a report and then sat down and wrote his resignation. This had to be done before he could get away from the water question. F. W. Stewart has been elected successor to Mr. Setford, and, of course, Mr. Setford's place will be known what Mr. Stewart's place will be.

People are growing sick and tired of the catfishing between the flume and the canyon. The company continues to call each other liars, and fight through the newspapers. People believe that the company can only be apparently helpless. The bonds voted to construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

construct a new pipe system in the city are worthless. The supply from the flume is all that can be had for the city, and for irrigation purposes too; the city has never made a contract with the company, but takes what it needs from month to month.

This arrangement may be terminated by the flume company, who can only be called ge-

nerally helpless. The bonds voted to

PASSENGER RATES.**The Meeting Making Little Progress.****San Diego's New Railroad Gets a County Franchise.****Reported That the Southern Pacific Will Economize.****Santa Fe Financial Officials Go North to See About Taxes—General, Local and Personal Railroad Mention.**

It is reported that the Southern Pacific Company is contemplating more retrenchment. Now the economy is to be gained by taking off a number of trains and laying off a corresponding number of crews. It is said that one of the trains to be taken off on the 1st prox. will be the "Santa Ana," a local, which now leaves Los Angeles at 4:50 a.m. Passengers for Santa Barbara will then go up on the San Francisco express, connecting with a short to and fro train at Saugus. A patron of the road who lives up there says that this move will be unpopular with a great many people, especially those who had granted right-of-way for the Burbank and Chatsworth Park line on a promise of improved train service. Another train that is to go off on the 1st is the local to Colton called the "Flyer." Other trains on various branches are to be taken off according to the report, which is not official. Economy is now the watchword on all the railroads.

PASSENGER AGENTS WORKING.

CHICAGO, July 25.—(By the Associated Press.) A long and animated session of the Western Passenger Association was held today to discuss World War problems, but no conclusion was reached. The Santa Fe submitted a net proposition which will be considered tomorrow. The war rates made effective by the Great Northern and Northern Pacific were proposed in new territory today. St. Louis roads are beginning to apply them to business between St. Louis, Salt Lake and Ogden, making the rate between those points \$31.

THE SAN DIEGO AND PHOENIX.

The application made by the San Diego and Phoenix Railway Company for a franchise on National avenue, through Chula Vista, came up before the supervisors this morning. The recent law requires that such franchises be granted, not merely to an applicant, but after due advertisement, to the highest bidder. The San Diego and Phoenix was the only bidder, and its bid was \$30.

A petition in protest was received, however, signed by sixteen owners of property on the avenue, objecting to the use of National avenue for railway purposes. The petition was headed by the San Diego Land and Town Company, per John Boal, manager. Among other signers were Mr. Frank and Frank Kimball, J. C. Griffith, and Parsons Shaw.

Mr. Kimball and Mr. Shaw did the talking for their side. Both objected to the franchise on National avenue, because they wanted that avenue reserved for a driveway, and the construction of the railroad would interfere with that purpose. Mr. Kimball favored a franchise on Eighth street, half a mile west of and parallel to National avenue. But official maps were produced to show that Eighth street was not ready, for reasons which appeared very satisfactory, but would be at the next meeting, Mr. Brown naming some very responsible men who were to endorse for him, one of them being in Sacramento at the time.

Under these circumstances Mr. Brown was allowed to proceed and start work. Soon after, several hundred dollars worth of stock having been sold and no money turned over to the treasurer, Mr. Brown was hunted up and an explanation demanded.

He promised to straighten matters at once, and at the same time named a date for a meeting to be called for the purpose of presenting his bond for acceptance.

The meeting was called on the date named by Mr. Brown, but he failed to put in an appearance. He also failed to pay over to the treasurer the money belonging to the company.

Since that time Mr. Brown has been a very scarce man, at least to any members of the company. He is supposed to be in San Diego or National City, but so far has shown no particular desire to meet his former business associates, who are unable to get any re-dress.

The board of directors of the company is composed of J. F. Parker of San Bernardino, and P. A. Barker, Robert Wiles, Hiram Leithard, F. W. Madison, William Ferguson and the absent Brown.

Most of the men are employees of the Southern California Railway, who made Brown's acquaintance in National City, and they are anxious to have a conference with their general manager. It is also stated that other people in Los Angeles are very anxious to again see Mr. Brown on account of sundry items of indebtedness, which in the path of progress. In reply to some arguments presented, it is said that it has been understood that the San Diego and Phoenix follow a route which would take it through what is called Telegraph Canyon. Every care approaching and through the cause was owned by the Land and Town Company.

Carlson further claimed that no injury would be done the residents along National avenue by the construction of a railway, and pointed to the fact that railway tracks lay across the residence of both Frank and Warren Kimball. "If those tracks were to now be removed," continued Carlson, "the Kimballs would be out early with injunctions against it."

President Reed answered a suggestion

that the San Diego and Phoenix buy the Coronado Belt line by saying that the Belt line was built during the boom, and was heavily bonded, so that it could not be bought at satisfactory figure.

At the conclusion of the argument, the board, by unanimous vote, granted the franchise as asked for. An ordinance was immediately drawn and signed to that effect.

ISCHEAP.

The Southern Pacific's third excursion from Arizona to the ocean will arrive here the 8th.

The washout on the Atlantic and Pacific at Truxline is repaired, and trains are running as usual.

Frank F. Pattee of the Santa Fe Southern California lines went to Sacramento yesterday in the general manager's private car. Mr. Pattee was accompanied by other officials of the financial department.

P. A. Jones, who was agent for the Santa Fe at Santa Ana, but was checked out in order to be transferred to San Bernardino, has been appointed commercial agent instead, with territory from Orange to Escondido. The expected change at San Bernardino did not take place.

FAILED TO SETTLE.**A "General Manager" Who is in Urgent Demand.**

Walter E. Brown's Business Associates Very Anxious to Meet the Gentleman With a View to a Settlement.

Last fall Walter E. Brown of National City put in a month of very active work between Los Angeles and San Bernardino organizing a company called the Southern California Land and Water Company. He succeeded in procuring the assistance of several men who had formerly known him in National City and reposed confidence in him, together with other parties in Los Angeles, and a short time the company was chartered and organized under apparently very favorable auspices, and launched upon the business world with Mr. Brown as general manager.

Mr. Brown gave an abundance of good talk and had a number of schemes and propositions already on hand, ripe for business, whereby the company could at once begin to realize large profits on its stock.

As all other members of the company were men holding positions which required most of their time, they congratulated themselves on having such a promising and able person as Mr. Brown to conduct the affairs of the company.

According to the by-laws the general manager was to "receive all moneys paid into the company and pay the same to the creditors whose claims are represented by bills of exchange purchased from the bank, and which have not been paid."

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS OF CITY BANK.

To the depositors of the City Bank, and those holding unpaid drafts of said bank:

Please take notice that in the action of Margaret E. Miller against the City Bank, in the Superior Court of Los Angeles county, Department 5, No. 1973, on July 25, 1893, an order was made by the Hon. Lucien Shaw, Judge of said court, in substance as follows:

"And it further appearing to the court from said petition, and from the statement filed by said receiver in said action on July 22, 1893, that the said defendant bank is indebted to numerous persons as depositors, whose claims are uncontested, and that it would cause unnecessary inconvenience and expense to such claimants to in each instance intervene in this action to prove their said claims, now, therefore, it is ordered as follows:

"That all claims of depositors, as shown by the said statement of the receiver aforesaid, against said defendant bank, shall stand as approved, and allowed as unrefuted claims against the fund coming into the hand of the receiver in said action.

"Except, first—The claims of those persons who have intervened or shall intervene within sixty days, claiming a preference.

"Except, second—The claims of those persons against whom said bank has an offset; and also all other claims which the receiver shall decide to contest by refusing to issue the certificate herein-after mentioned.

"Except, third—All those claims which have been assigned, and in such cases, on satisfactory proof to the court of such assignment, the said claims shall stand as approved in favor of the assignees respectively; and all persons holding claims against said bank as assignees of depositors are required to make proof of such assignments to the court within sixty days from the first publication of the provisions of this order as hereinafter provided.

"That after the expiration of said sixty days, the receiver be authorized to deliver a certificate of allowance to each of said depositors, or the assignee thereof, who has made proof as aforesaid, and whose claim is to stand allowed as aforesaid, and that no further evidence of such depositor's right to share in any dividends as a general creditor shall be required. Such certificates shall contain such provisions for future assignments of the claims represented thereby as the receiver or the court shall determine.

"That the provisions of this order shall also apply to creditors whose claims are represented by bills of exchange purchased from the bank, and which have not been paid."

Date of first publication, July 25, 1893.

OTTO BRODTBECK,
Receiver.
F. W. Burnett, Attorney for Receiver.

RECEIVED
July 25, 1893.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER
CURES—
Billiousness—Constipation
—Colds—Indigestion—
SICK HEADACHE
PIMPLES—SKIN AFFECTIONS
STOMACH DISEASES
arising from disordered Digestion
FOR SALE BY DRUGGIST & GROCERS.

LEGAL.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR EXTENSION OF

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Billiousness—Constipation
—Colds—Indigestion—
SICK HEADACHE
PIMPLES—SKIN AFFECTIONS
STOMACH DISEASES
arising from disordered Digestion
FOR SALE BY DRUGGIST & GROCERS.

LEGAL.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR EXTENSION OF

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Billiousness—Constipation
—Colds—Indigestion—
SICK HEADACHE
PIMPLES—SKIN AFFECTIONS
STOMACH DISEASES
arising from disordered Digestion
FOR SALE BY DRUGGIST & GROCERS.

LEGAL.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR EXTENSION OF

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Billiousness—Constipation
—Colds—Indigestion—
SICK HEADACHE
PIMPLES—SKIN AFFECTIONS
STOMACH DISEASES
arising from disordered Digestion
FOR SALE BY DRUGGIST & GROCERS.

LEGAL.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR EXTENSION OF

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Billiousness—Constipation
—Colds—Indigestion—
SICK HEADACHE
PIMPLES—SKIN AFFECTIONS
STOMACH DISEASES
arising from disordered Digestion
FOR SALE BY DRUGGIST & GROCERS.

LEGAL.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR EXTENSION OF

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Billiousness—Constipation
—Colds—Indigestion—
SICK HEADACHE
PIMPLES—SKIN AFFECTIONS
STOMACH DISEASES
arising from disordered Digestion
FOR SALE BY DRUGGIST & GROCERS.

LEGAL.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR EXTENSION OF

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Billiousness—Constipation
—Colds—Indigestion—
SICK HEADACHE
PIMPLES—SKIN AFFECTIONS
STOMACH DISEASES
arising from disordered Digestion
FOR SALE BY DRUGGIST & GROCERS.

LEGAL.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR EXTENSION OF

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Billiousness—Constipation
—Colds—Indigestion—
SICK HEADACHE
PIMPLES—SKIN AFFECTIONS
STOMACH DISEASES
arising from disordered Digestion
FOR SALE BY DRUGGIST & GROCERS.

LEGAL.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR EXTENSION OF

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Billiousness—Constipation
—Colds—Indigestion—
SICK HEADACHE
PIMPLES—SKIN AFFECTIONS
STOMACH DISEASES
arising from disordered Digestion
FOR SALE BY DRUGGIST & GROCERS.

LEGAL.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR EXTENSION OF

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Billiousness—Constipation
—Colds—Indigestion—
SICK HEADACHE
PIMPLES—SKIN AFFECTIONS
STOMACH DISEASES
arising from disordered Digestion
FOR SALE BY DRUGGIST & GROCERS.

LEGAL.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR EXTENSION OF

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Billiousness—Constipation
—Colds—Indigestion—
SICK HEADACHE
PIMPLES—SKIN AFFECTIONS
STOMACH DISEASES
arising from disordered Digestion
FOR SALE BY DRUGGIST & GROCERS.

LEGAL.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR EXTENSION OF

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Billiousness—Constipation
—Colds—Indigestion—
SICK HEADACHE
PIMPLES—SKIN AFFECTIONS
STOMACH DISEASES
arising from disordered Digestion
FOR SALE BY DRUGGIST & GROCERS.

LEGAL.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR EXTENSION OF

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Billiousness—Constipation
—Colds—Indigestion—
SICK HEADACHE
PIMPLES—SKIN AFFECTIONS
STOMACH DISEASES
arising from disordered Digestion
FOR SALE BY DRUGGIST & GROCERS.

LEGAL.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR EXTENSION OF

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Billiousness—Constipation
—Colds—Indigestion—
SICK HEADACHE
PIMPLES—SKIN AFFECTIONS
STOMACH DISEASES
arising from disordered Digestion
FOR SALE BY DRUGGIST & GROCERS.

LEGAL.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR EXTENSION OF

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Billiousness—Constipation
—Colds—Indigestion—
SICK HEADACHE
PIMPLES—SKIN AFFECTIONS
STOMACH DISEASES
arising from disordered Digestion
FOR SALE BY DRUGGIST & GROCERS.

LEGAL.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR EXTENSION OF

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Billiousness—Constipation
—Colds—Indigestion—
SICK HEADACHE
PIMPLES—SKIN AFFECTIONS
STOMACH DISEASES
arising from disordered Digestion
FOR SALE BY DRUGGIST & GROCERS.

LEGAL



NEWS AND BUSINESS.

The Weather.

United States Weather Bureau, Los Angeles. Weather Bureau, Los Angeles is honored. Schumacher, the popular photographer, has been awarded the \$100 first prize in the great Murdock contest for the best collection of photographs at the Photographers' National Convention, Chicago, July 21.

Take warning! Bellan's "Gripe Cure" is a nostrum against cholera and like infectious diseases, and should be kept in the house. Get of druggists, or address J. H. Bellan, No. 1028 Downey avenue, 50 cents.

B. W. Lawson, successor to Dewey, 347 South Main street, has put the photograph gallery in first-class order, and will guarantee satisfaction or money refunded. Thirty-eight years' experience. Baby photographs a specialty.

One of the most beautiful views imaginable can be had by going on the great moonlight excursion to Echo Mountain and there viewing the valley below in all the splendor a full moon can give.

Camp Wilson cannot be reached by foot, carriage or electrician. The way to get there is via the Pasadena and Mt. Wilson Toll road. Headquarters, Wiley & Greeley's stable, Pasadena.

Terminal Railway special to Long Beach Chautauqua Monday, Wednesday and Thursday, 6 p.m., returning after excursion. Five round trip, including admission, 75 cents.

Arrowhead Springs, the famous mountain resort of Southern California, is unsurpassed in natural resources and modern conveniences. City office, Coulter's dry goods store.

Visiting cards and invitations engraved and delivered in twenty-four hours at Kan-Koo, No. 1028 Spring street.

A. B. Chapman's orchestra will furnish music for the grand ball at Rubio Hotel on Thursday evening next.

Only \$1 for the round trip to Rubio Canyon and grand ball Thursday evening.

Mantels, tiles, office fittings, hardware, lumber, H. Bohman, 514 S. Spring.

"The Unique" kid-glove house.

These are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for Mike O'Brien, Herbert W. Parmenter, Will W. Beach and C. P. Moore.

The Board of Examiners of Plumbers held a meeting last night at the health office. Four master plumbers were given a somewhat lengthy examination. The board will meet again tonight to examine other applicants.

On Friday evening a meeting will be held at the Chamber of Commerce rooms to consider the matter of the proposed Chamber of Commerce excursion to the World's Fair. All those interested are requested to attend.

The work of graveling, sidewalk, and cement curbing Twelfth street between Sentous street and Burlington avenue has been accepted by Street Superintendent Watt. The contract was let to W. B. Nichols.

The work of reading the long list of assessments before the City Board of Equalization is expected to be completed today. The hearings in the cases where property owners have been cited to appear before the board and show cause why assessments against them should not be raised, are to be started soon.

PERSONALS.

D. R. Bearly left yesterday for Chicago.

M. H. Sunderlin and wife of San Francisco are in town.

Mrs. and Mrs. W. Groveron of Minneapolis are in the city.

George Crawford and family of New York City are at the Nadeau.

P. J. Collie of Wilmington, South Africa, arrived at the Hollenbeck yesterday. C. M. Harrison of the Sacramento Record-Union, who has been in the city for the past three days inspecting The Times, is here for the home year.

Col. William Christy, president of the Arizona Canal and Improvement Company, arrived yesterday from Phoenix, Ariz., and will remain several days in the city.

Fred C. Smith of Adelaide, Australia, is at the Hollenbeck. Mr. Smith is a horticultural commissioner for the South Australian government. He is also correspondent for a number of Australian papers.

Suicide of a Chinaman.

A Chinaman named Ah Charlie committed suicide at Mojave Monday afternoon, by shooting himself through the breast with a 45-calibre Colt's revolver. The heathen worked for J. N. Talbert, who runs the railroad eating-houses. The cause is supposed to be despondency over his failure to secure some money from an uncle of his, who lives in the country.

Grand Excursion to Rubio.

A special moonlight excursion to Rubio Canyon and Echo Mountain on Thursday evening July 27, leaving Los Angeles on the Terminal Railway, 6 p.m., returning at 10:30 p.m. from Rubio Pavilion. The canyon, Grand Chasm and all the beauty spots will be fully illuminated by electric light. Chinese lanterns and colored fire presenting a fairy-like spectacle. Special excursion rates to the hotel at Echo Mountain. Music and dancing in the pavilion, ice cream, lemonade and other refreshments.

ADD-SHIPPING.

Mr. James Booth, G.M.W. of California, has associated himself with the undersigned firm of D. G. Peck Co., 1028 Spring street, where he will hereby be found. Telephone 61.

THE Columbian edition of the Los Angeles Illustrated Herald is now for sale. It is by far the best edition of this paper, annual yet published.

FRESHLY roasted coffees at H. Jevne's.

MOTHERS, be sure and always use Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your children while teething. It is the best of all.

Dentists.

J. D. Moody, Kate C. Moody, dentists, No. 328, South Spring street.

"CREAM OF THE WEST," Minnesota patent flour at H. Jevne's.

DANDRUFF is a disease of the scalp. Van Haren's Quinine Hair Tonic cures it.

NEW YORK HEALTH FOOD Company's products can be had at H. Jevne's.

LANTERN SLIDES, blue prints, blue prints for architects, Bertrand, 200 S. Main.

WHITE FISH at H. Jevne's.

For a clear head and steady nerves take Bromo-Seltzer-tincture bottle 10 ozs.

LET Korn & Kranowitz make your clothes, 214 South Broadway.

VISITING CARDS engraved, Langster, 214 West Second street. Tel. 252.

PRUNELLS at H. Jevne's.

NEUFCHATEL Cheese at H. Jevne's.

Highest of all in Leavening Power. U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE KEELEY CURE.

The Treatment Commenced at the Soldiers' Home.

A class of Twenty-three has been formed, Who will be at once put through the Regular System—Papers for the Veterans.

The administering of the Keeley remedies for the cure of the liquor and morphine habits has at last been commenced at the Soldiers' Home. Dr. Ender, the physician in charge, advised the medicines by freight on Monday, and on the same day a class of veterans was formed, to receive twenty-three who will, for the next four weeks, receive this celebrated treatment, and it is to be hoped, will graduate from the class thoroughly sober, respected men. There are a great many men here who are bright, intelligent, well-read gentlemen, whose only fault is a too great love for the intoxicating cup, and it is through this alone that they have been compelled to enter the home. If these men can be reclaimed through Dr. Keeley's remedies, nearly every one will be able to take discharge from the home and become honored citizens of the country in respectable callings out in the world.

Some time ago the librarian of the home sent out circulars to all of the principal newspapers of the country, that they do not only copies of their journals but rewards for the same at the library. A number of papers have responded to this application, and now the librarian is receiving daily copies of the New York Times, the Record and Tribune of Philadelphia, the San Francisco Call, Fresno Republican, Sacramento Record-Union, and the San Francisco Weekly Examiner. Besides these, it is expected that the other journals in the leading cities will find their way to the library to ascertain the large number of veterans. The first contribution of money for the library fund from outside parties was received the other day from Mrs. E. S. Stover of Albuquerque, N. M., who was visiting the home, and she took with her a number of the circulars, and assured the librarian that she would do more for this cause among her friends at her home. Besides this contribution, there's some money on hand that has been raised by entertainment given by the home master club and the officials are very hopeful that ere long the library will be put on a much better basis.

At a meeting of John A. Martin Post, Tuesday evening, a committee was appointed to which the new post commander was installed.

Four admissions for Tuesday were reported, making the total number present 912.

James Charlton, late of Co. C, Fourth Regiment, U. S. Infantry, died at the hospital Tuesday morning of exhaustion. He was admitted to the home July 29, 1892.

THE "MACS" MUST MOVE.

Santa Monica Authorities Ordering Them Out of Town.

The police of Santa Monica have commenced a warfare upon that class of men who obtain their living from the earnings of fallen women. Ever since the officers of this city have pursued with so much vigor these unworthy members of society, they have drifted to neighboring towns, and especially has this class become numerous in Santa Monica, much to the displeasure of the citizens thereof.

During the last few days, several of these loafers have been turned down there for vagrancy, and in each case were given "boaters" by the obliging magistrate before whom they appeared.

The last one to be arrested was the notorious Frank Powelson, who is known to many there to display a certain amount of nerve about the law.

He was taken before Justice Twitchell of Santa Monica Tuesday on a vagrancy warrant, sworn to by Marshal Barret of that place, and pleading guilty, was suspended for a week, in order to give the fellow an opportunity to go to San Francisco, whither he signified his intention of departing.

It is reported that there is a regular faro bank and general gambling-house running here, and has been for some weeks. It is just possible that the authorities will also make an effort to shut this place up. It is a well-known fact that when a place of this kind exists, there will also be found a very undesirable class of hangars-on, and to clean out the disreputable, their source of income must be stopped.

The W. C. Furrey Company sells the famous Greenwood cook stoves and ranges, gas and electric, for \$100 to \$1,000. All the best materials are used.

Facial Remedies. Falling hair and simple baby rashes prevented by Cuticura soap.

If tired, aching, nervous mothers know the comfort, strength, and vitality in Cuticura Plasters, they would never be without them. In every way the purest, sweetest and best of plasters.

THE "MACS" MUST MOVE.

Santa Monica Authorities Ordering Them Out of Town.

The police of Santa Monica have commenced a warfare upon that class of men who obtain their living from the earnings of fallen women. Ever since the officers of this city have pursued with so much vigor these unworthy members of society, they have drifted to neighboring towns, and especially has this class become numerous in Santa Monica, much to the displeasure of the citizens thereof.

During the last few days, several of these loafers have been turned down there for vagrancy, and in each case were given "boaters" by the obliging magistrate before whom they appeared.

The last one to be arrested was the notorious Frank Powelson, who is known to many there to display a certain amount of nerve about the law.

He was taken before Justice Twitchell of Santa Monica Tuesday on a vagrancy warrant, sworn to by Marshal Barret of that place, and pleading guilty, was suspended for a week, in order to give the fellow an opportunity to go to San Francisco, whither he signified his intention of departing.

It is reported that there is a regular faro bank and general gambling-house running here, and has been for some weeks. It is just possible that the authorities will also make an effort to shut this place up. It is a well-known fact that when a place of this kind exists, there will also be found a very undesirable class of hangars-on, and to clean out the disreputable, their source of income must be stopped.

The W. C. Furrey Company sells the famous Greenwood cook stoves and ranges, gas and electric, for \$100 to \$1,000. All the best materials are used.

JUST THE KIND OF WEATHER TO DRINK MAN-TO-MAN WATER; to be had at H. Jevne's.

CONRADL for fine watch repairing, 123 N. Spring, corner Franklin.

STECK PIANOS

GARDNER & ZELLNER
SOLE AGENTS,

213 SOUTH BROADWAY,
LOS ANGELES, CAL.

ESTABLISHED IN 1883.

DR. B. G. COLLINS,

OPHTHALMIC OPTICIAN.

125 South Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.

With the Los Angeles Optical Institute

Eyes Examined Free.

In Wagner's Kimberly.

EXPELLED — Every drop of your blood by J. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Then there's a clear skin and a clean steel teeth. Salt, Tartar, Erysipelas, Enlarged Glands, Enlarged Lungs, Tumors and Swellings, and all Blood, Skin, and Scalp Diseases. From a blotch or scratch to the worst sore—these are perfectly and permanently cured by it.

In building up needed flesh and strength of muscle, bone, tendon, ligament, etc., you get the ordinary spring medicines or sanguinaria, the "Discovery" works equally well at all seasons. All the year round, and in all cases, it is guaranteed, as no other blood medicine is. If it ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back. It's not only for the sick, however, but it's cheap. You pay only for the good, not for the cheap.

For reliable dealers, with any others, something else that pays them better will probably be urged as "just as good." Perhaps it is, for them; but it can't be, for you.

UNDERTAKERS.

L. G. PECK CO.

100 N. Main St., Embalming a Specialty.

Always Open. Telephone 61.

REAL ESTATE

— AND —

Rental Agency.

Farms, fruit lands and city property for sale.

J. W. FOSTER,

No. 25 W. First St., Los Angeles, Cal.

Next to Times Office.

Sisters of the Holy Cross.

ALWAYS PLEASANT.
The Signal Service thermometer at the Hotel del Coronado at noon during the past week has averaged a temperature of 72 deg. Here it has averaged 85 deg. in the shade, a difference of 12 deg., which can be placed to the credit of health, comfort and enjoyment, which the Hotel del Coronado bestows freely to all guests favoring it with a visit during the present heated term.

HOTEL METROPOLIS, CATALINA ISLAND.
Entered, American and European plan, fine orchestra, fishing, boating, bathing. For rates, apply to J. J. MARTIN, manager, or 130 West Second street, Los Angeles.

WE TAKE pleasure in announcing that we are now fully prepared to do all kinds of glass bending and manufacture, of French plate, mirrors, old and damaged mirrors resilvered. All work guaranteed. H. Raphael & Co., 438 and 440 S. Spring St.

DR. G. DEL AMO, Consul of Spain, has removed to his new office, Wells-Fargo building, corner Third and Main streets, room 5. Office hours, 2 to 4 p.m.

D. G. PECK CO., No. 140 North Main street, funeral directors and dealers in undertakers' supplies. Independent of any bank or combine. Always open. Telephone 61.

HOTEL RUHQ, higher than the Castle Mountains, New York, is now open for the accommodation of guests, and is conducted on the European plan. Rooms \$10 to \$25. Extra accommodations and location. The finest mountain air, water and scenery that can be found on the globe.

DIABETIC Biscuits at H. Jevne's.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!!
To know that a single application of the Cuticura Remedies will afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy and economical cure of torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning and scaly humors, and not to use them without a moment's delay is to fail in your duty. Cures made in childhood are speedy, economical and permanent.

Sold throughout the world. PORTER DRUG AND COSM. CO., sole proprietors, Boston. "All About the Blood, Skin, Scalp and Hair," mailed free.

Facial Remedies, falling hair and simple baby rashes prevented by Cuticura soap.

If tired, aching, nervous mothers know the comfort, strength, and vitality in Cuticura Plasters, they would never be without them. In every way the purest, sweetest and best of plasters.

WEDNESDAY JULY 26
LOS ANGELES, CAL.
Positively cure, in from 3 to 60 days, all kinds of

Rupture,
Varicose Ulceration, without the use of knife, drawing blood, or detention from business.

CONSULTATION & EXAMINATION FREE. Can refer interested parties to prominent Los Angeles physicians who have been treated by them. Cure guaranteed.

In my system of medicine there are over 400 different diseases. I cure 387 of them. I use over 3000 kinds of herbs and poisons, which I have direct, and which have been used in China 2000 years. I locate and describe all diseases by feeling the pulse, and in five minutes time. Consultation and examination free.

In my system of medicine there are over 400 different diseases. I cure 387 of them. I use over 3000 kinds of herbs and poisons, which I have direct, and which have been used in China 2000 years. I locate and describe all diseases by feeling the pulse, and in five minutes time. Consultation and examination free.

DR. WONG,
713 S. Main st., Los Angeles.

RUBBER HOSE

Los Angeles Medical & Surgical Institute.</b